

Represent an oblate ellipsoid of revolution. The center of the ellipsoid is 2 cm above the first image plane. The length of the major axis is 12 cm and the minor is 8 cm. Take the surface above the first image plane. Cut it with two planes. The first tracing lines of the planes of intersection are parallel, form 60° with the axis x_{12} and they are tangential to the base circle of the surface. The planes are passing through the topmost point of the surface. Construct the ellipses of intersection. Show the visibility.

